Source Water Assessment Report



Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Areas Include: 248, 249, 250



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Reports were generated with the Automated Source Water Assessment Tool (ASWAT). Assessments were completed online using ASWAT by hundreds of state employees, public water supply staff, and technical assistant providers throughout the State of Kansas.

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Report Description

Detailed Explanation of Entire Report:

The 1996 amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act require each state to develop a Source Water Assessment Program (SWAP) and a Source Water Assessment (SWA) for each Public Water Supply (PWS) that treats and distributes raw source water. In Kansas there are 761 public water supplies that require SWAs. A SWA includes a delineation of the source water assessment area, an inventory of potential contaminant sources, and a susceptibility analysis.

A PWS can consist of one or more individual assessment areas that require different assessments. In general, an assessment area is delineated at a two-mile fixed radius for a groundwater well. A surface water intake assessment area is the upstream-drainage area (watershed), inside the state border. Additionally, an assessment area can consist of an individual well, group of wells, an individual surface water intake, or multiple surface water intakes.

After each assessment is completed a report is automatically generated using an Internet-based application called the Automated Source Water Assessment Tool (ASWAT). The individual assessment reports combine to form the entire SWA report for a PWS.

A map of each Assessment Area was also generated with ASWAT. However, for security reasons the maps are not included in this report. To obtain a copy of the map(s), please contact your local PWS.

All PWS reports will be available for viewing and downloading on KDHE's Watershed Management Section website(http://www.kdhe.state.ks.us/nps) in 2004.

WASHINGTON CO RWD 1 Summary:

AA	Туре	Diversion Id
248	Ground water multiple wells	009, 008
249	Ground water multiple wells	003, 002, 011, 012
250	Ground water multiple wells	010, 007, 006, 005

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Executive Summary:

The Executive Summary gives the assessment area's Susceptibility Likelihood Score (SLS) for each contaminant of concern category.

SLS indicates which contaminant category is most likely to impact a given public water supply. Contaminants of concern for groundwater include microbiological, inorganic compounds, nitrates, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds. Contaminants of concern for surface water include microbiological, inorganic compounds, eutrophication – phosphorus, sedimentation, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds.

To determine the assessment area's susceptibility to contamination, a qualitative (semi-quantitative) screening level susceptibility analysis was designed that utilizes general assumptions and best professional judgement. It is a systematic procedure comprised of simple yes/no questions. Each question in the susceptibility analysis focuses on the presence or absence of potential pollution sources in the assessment area. SLS is most useful in helping the Public Water Supply (PWS) focus on water quality protection actions towards a contaminant category of concern. For example, if the SLS for microbiological contamination is high, relative to volatile organic compounds (VOC), water supply protection planners would conclude that the attention should be directed towards microbiological contaminant sources rather than VOC sources.

Executive Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Susceptibility Likelihood Scores for Assessment Area

Contaminant Category	A	В	B*	С	C*	D
Susceptibility Likelihood Score – SLS	38	38	43	44	39	42
SLS Range	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

A – Microbiolgical

B* – Nitrates

C* – Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Susceptibility Likelihood Range

SLS Range	
0-50	Low Susceptibility
51-80	Moderate Susceptibility
81–100	High Susceptibility

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Potential Sources:

The Potential Sources section lists all the sites that have been identified as potential sources of contamination.

Potential sources of contamination may include land uses, industry, or businesses that could generate or store chemicals/substances that could potentially contaminate the water supply only if released into the environment. Both unregulated sites from business location databases and regulated sites from various KDHE databases were compiled. Additional sites could have been added by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The 1987 Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) were used to identify potential contaminate sites. The SIC system classifies establishments into industries on the basis of the primary activities of the establishment.

Each assessment area is delineated with 3 assessment zones. These zones can be used to get a general understanding of the potential influence sites have based on proximity to the water supply. Zone A is a 100–foot radius around a groundwater well and a 1000–foot radius around a surface water intake. Zone B is a 2000–foot radius around wells and a hydrological delineated buffer around the surface water sources. Zone C is a 2–mile radius around wells and the balance of the watershed for intakes. The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show all the potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business is identified in the study as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

The data for the potential sources of contamination was compiled from May through August in 2002. Some of the databases used were incomplete datasets that are continually being updated. Due to the incompleteness, inaccuracies, and new development, it is possible that sources of potential contamination that are in the assessment area are not included in the report. Inaccurate locations could also cause sources to show up in the assessment area that are not actually in the assessment. Additionally, duplication between the datasets could cause sites to show up multiple times in the assessment area.

Potential Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Unregulated Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	ID/Permit No.	Zone
2002233	Stigge, Lavern	A–BBWS–BA08	С
2002530	Stigge, Marvin Son	A–BBWS–BA07	С
2002534	Keesecker Agri Business, Inc.	A-BBWS-S043	С
2002591	Keesecker Agri Business, Inc.	A-BBWS-H007	С

Regulated Hazardous Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Leaking Storage Tank Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Identified Contaminated Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Solid Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Waste Water Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:36:19

Added Sources:

The Added Sources section lists all the sites that have been added as potential sources of contamination by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show the added potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business was added as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

Added Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Added Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	SIC ID	Zone
9000715	Fuel, grain, and feed and hay storage	10026	В
9000716	Hay Meadow	10087	В
9001476	cropland	111	В
9000717	hog barn	2048	С

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Potential Contaminants Summary:

The Contaminants Summary shows the number of identified unregulated sources in the assessment area for each contaminant of concern category.

In order to obtain the number or sources for each category, a relationship was correlated between each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories. Each SIC was assessed and associated with contaminant categories. For example, if not managed properly, a car wash (SIC 7542) could potentially contaminate an intake because of inorganic compounds (IOC) and volatile organic compounds (VOC); thus, a car wash is associated with IOCs and VOCs.

A chart displays a count for each contaminant category. The sum for each category represents the total number of identified sources that have been associated with that particular contaminant category. However, the total number of identified sources does not include contaminants from the Added Sources. In our example, a car wash would be considered 2 sources of contamination. It would be a potential source of contamination for IOCs and for VOCs; thus, 1 would be added to the total number of sources in the VOC category and 1 would be added to the IOC category.

Potential Contaminants Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Number of Unregulated Site Sources Identified for each Contaminant Category

MicroBiological	Pesticides	IOC's	SOC's	VOC's	Nitrates
0	0	0	0	0	0

A – Microbiolgical

B* – Nitrates

C* – Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Potential Contaminants Listing:

The Potential Contaminants section lists the contaminant of concern category associated with each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) found in an assessment area. A complete list of contaminant category codes are located at the bottom of this page.

The relationships defined between the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories are displayed in a table format. Using our car wash example, the relationships can be better illustrated. A car wash could release IOC and VOC chemical substances. The connection is shown by indicating the SIC, 7542, and the associated contaminant categories, IOC (Category B) and VOC (Category D). However, the contaminants listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

The list is sorted by the SIC source description and it only shows unique SIC sources. For example, an assessment area can have 20 car washes in an assessment area, but the list is only going to show contaminant categories associated with car washes onetime. This is because all car washes have the same SIC and every car wash poses the same potential threat to water intakes.

 ${\bf A}-{\bf Microbiolgical}\quad {\bf B}-{\bf Inorganic\ Compounds}\qquad \qquad {\bf B1}-{\bf Eutrophication}-{\bf Phosphorous}$

B2 – Sedimentation **B*** – Nitrates **C** – Synthetic Organic Compounds

C* – Pesticides **D** – Volatile Organic Compounds

Potential Contaminants Listing

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Unregulated Identified Site Sources and associated Potential Contaminant Category

SIC ID	SIC Source	Potential Contaminant	Contaminant Category				
Did Not Contain Any Potential Contaminants							

Assessment Area: 248

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Status: Accepted

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Protection Measures:

The Protection Measures section shows water quality protection measures for the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) identified in the assessment area.

Previous sections of this report are designed to show areas that Public Water Supplies (PWS) can focus on to improve the susceptibility of an assessment area. This section helps identify water quality protection measures that a PWS can use as guidance for implementing action for a potential contaminant site in the assessment area. It focuses on protection measures that can reduce the risk of contamination to the water supply.

This portion of the report only displays water quality protection measures for each type of SIC found in the assessment area. It does not display protection measures for each site in the assessment area because every SIC should have the same or similar water quality protection management practices. However, the protection measures listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

Protection Measures

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Recommended Water Quality Protection Measures

SIC	SIC Source	Contaminant Source	Water Quality Protection Measure	Regulatory Authority					
	No Protection Measures Listed								

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

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Assessment Analysis:

The Assessment Analysis section displays the numbers assigned to each contaminant of concern category for each question in the susceptibility analysis.

This analysis is based on a decision tree framework consisting of a series of yes/no questions. These questions consider the proximity of contaminant sources to the water supply intake, the type of contaminant, and the application of pollution prevention or water quality protection practices to sources of contamination. As the evaluator moves through the analytical framework, susceptibility points are accumulated based on the presence of contaminant sources in the assessment area.

After all the questions have been answered, the SLS is calculated for each contaminant of concern category. The SLS is determined by counting the number of contamination risk factors found to occur in the delineated assessment area and applying a multiplier to this number. Because the number of contaminant category risk factors is not equal, the multiplier is used to establish a common scale for the SLS of each contaminant category.

Assessment Analysis

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Ground Water Multiple Wells Analysis

 ${\bf A}$ – Microbiolgical ${\bf B}$ – Inorganic Compounds

B* – Nitrates
 C – Synthetic Organic Compounds
 C* – Pesticides
 D – Volatile Organic Compounds

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C *	D
1	Is any well under the influence of surface water?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Do all PWS wells meet KS PWS water well construction standards?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Is any well less than 30 feet deep?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Is gravel pack within 20 feet of any well surface?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Does a PWS own or control all the areas around the wells?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Does Zone B consist entirely of native grass?	No	2	2	2	2	2	2
7	Is there a contaminated well in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Is a class V UIC well present?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban areas present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Are any non-farm home sites present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Do all the non-farm home sites have a water quality protection plan?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Are any farmsteads present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Do all farmsteads have a water quality protection plan?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Is there grazing livestock in Zone B?	Yes	1	0	1	0	0	0
16	Have all livestock producers implemented water quality protection measures?	No	1	0	1	0	0	0
17	Is there livestock confinement in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C*	D
18	Is each confined animal feeding operation registered with KDHE?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Is there corn or grain sorghum production in Zone B?	Yes	0	0	1	0	1	0
20	Are corn/grain sorghum nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	No	0	0	1	0	1	0
21	Are any orchards present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Are orchard nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Are there unsewered developments (concentrations of lagoons or septic systems) present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Is there a railroad or major highway in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
25	Is there oil production in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	0	1	0	1
26	Do coarse textured soils predominate Zones A, B and C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Is an irrigation well located in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
28	Is a wastewater treatment facility in Zone B or C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	Is a solid waste landfill in Zone B or C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	Are there unplugged, abandoned water wells present in Zone C?	Yes	2	1	1	1	1	1
31	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban area present in Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	Is there livestock confinement in Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	0
34	Is each confined livestock facility registered with KDHE?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Do all the livestock producers have water quality protection measures in place?	No	1	0	1	0	0	0
36	Are cropland nutrient management plans in place?	No	0	0	1	0	0	0
37	Are cropland pesticide management plans in place?	No	0	0	0	0	1	0
38	Does a perennial stream flow into Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	Are watershed water quality protection plans in place?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Site Comments:

The Site Comments section lists all the comments that were added for the potential sources of contamination found in the assessment area.

Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding detail to the sites that can be referenced for more information.

This local information may include comments on potential contamination threats (or lack there of), local water quality protection initiatives, etc. Adding comments are optional and are mainly focused on sources in areas that could have the greatest impact on water supply if a spill or release occurred in the environment. It is left to the discretion of the PWS and/or source water assessment committee to add comments.

Site Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Comments for Unregulated Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

Comments for Regulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Sites

Potential Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
Keesecker Agri Business, Inc.	2002534	This swine facility has no groundwater monitoring.	Nicole Fisher
Keesecker Agri Business, Inc.	2002591	This swine facility has no groundwater monitoring.	Nicole Fisher
Stigge, Lavern	2002233	This cattle livestock facility has no water quality protection plans.	Nicole Fisher
Stigge, Marvin Son	2002530	This cattle livestock facility has no water quality protection plans.	Nicole Fisher

Comments for Regulated Hazardous Waste Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

	Did Not Dessing Amy Comments	
	Did Not Receive Any Comments	
Comments for Re	egulated Identified Contaminated Sites	
	Did Not Receive Any Comments	
Comments for Re	gulated Solid Waste Sites	
	Did Not Receive Any Comments	
Comments for Re	gulated Waste Water Sites	
	Did Not Receive Any Comments	

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:36:19

Added Site Comments:

The Added Site Comments section lists the comments for why sites were added as a potential source of contamination found to the assessment area.

Added Site Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Comments for Added Contaminant Sites

Added Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
Fuel, grain, and feed and hay storage	9000715	This information was obtained from the Wellhead Protection Plan.	Nicole Fisher
Hay Meadow	9000716	This information was obtained from the Wellhead Protection Plan.	Nicole Fisher
cropland	9001476	This site could contaminate the public water supply.	Nicole Fisher
hog barn	9000717	This information was obtained from the Wellhead Protection Plan.	Nicole Fisher

Assessment Area: 248

Diversion Id's: 009, 008
Status: Accepted

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Analysis Question Comments:

The Analysis Question Comments section lists all the comments that were added during analysis portion of the assessment, in which a series of yes/no questions were asked.

Evaluators have the option to add comments to questions to clarify why a response was given or to give more details to a question. Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding clarification and details that could not be identified with a simple yes or no response.

Analysis Question Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 248

Comments for Analysis Questions

Analysis Question	Question Comments	Author			
Did Not Receive Any Comments					

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Executive Summary:

The Executive Summary gives the assessment area's Susceptibility Likelihood Score (SLS) for each contaminant of concern category.

SLS indicates which contaminant category is most likely to impact a given public water supply. Contaminants of concern for groundwater include microbiological, inorganic compounds, nitrates, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds. Contaminants of concern for surface water include microbiological, inorganic compounds, eutrophication – phosphorus, sedimentation, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds.

To determine the assessment area's susceptibility to contamination, a qualitative (semi-quantitative) screening level susceptibility analysis was designed that utilizes general assumptions and best professional judgement. It is a systematic procedure comprised of simple yes/no questions. Each question in the susceptibility analysis focuses on the presence or absence of potential pollution sources in the assessment area. SLS is most useful in helping the Public Water Supply (PWS) focus on water quality protection actions towards a contaminant category of concern. For example, if the SLS for microbiological contamination is high, relative to volatile organic compounds (VOC), water supply protection planners would conclude that the attention should be directed towards microbiological contaminant sources rather than VOC sources.

Executive Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Susceptibility Likelihood Scores for Assessment Area

Contaminant Category	A	В	B*	С	C*	D
Susceptibility Likelihood Score – SLS	32	35	37	40	36	42
SLS Range	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

A – Microbiolgical

B* – Nitrates

C* – Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Susceptibility Likelihood Range

SLS Range	
0-50	Low Susceptibility
51-80	Moderate Susceptibility
81–100	High Susceptibility

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Potential Sources:

The Potential Sources section lists all the sites that have been identified as potential sources of contamination.

Potential sources of contamination may include land uses, industry, or businesses that could generate or store chemicals/substances that could potentially contaminate the water supply only if released into the environment. Both unregulated sites from business location databases and regulated sites from various KDHE databases were compiled. Additional sites could have been added by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The 1987 Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) were used to identify potential contaminate sites. The SIC system classifies establishments into industries on the basis of the primary activities of the establishment.

Each assessment area is delineated with 3 assessment zones. These zones can be used to get a general understanding of the potential influence sites have based on proximity to the water supply. Zone A is a 100–foot radius around a groundwater well and a 1000–foot radius around a surface water intake. Zone B is a 2000–foot radius around wells and a hydrological delineated buffer around the surface water sources. Zone C is a 2–mile radius around wells and the balance of the watershed for intakes. The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show all the potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business is identified in the study as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

The data for the potential sources of contamination was compiled from May through August in 2002. Some of the databases used were incomplete datasets that are continually being updated. Due to the incompleteness, inaccuracies, and new development, it is possible that sources of potential contamination that are in the assessment area are not included in the report. Inaccurate locations could also cause sources to show up in the assessment area that are not actually in the assessment. Additionally, duplication between the datasets could cause sites to show up multiple times in the assessment area.

Potential Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1
Assessment Area: 249

Unregulated Potential Site Sources

Regulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Hazardous Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Leaking Storage Tank Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Identified Contaminated Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Solid Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Waste Water Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:40:26

Added Sources:

The Added Sources section lists all the sites that have been added as potential sources of contamination by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show the added potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business was added as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

Added Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Added Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	SIC ID	Zone
9001477	Fuel, grain and feed and hay storage	10026	В
9001478	cropland	116	В

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Potential Contaminants Summary:

The Contaminants Summary shows the number of identified unregulated sources in the assessment area for each contaminant of concern category.

In order to obtain the number or sources for each category, a relationship was correlated between each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories. Each SIC was assessed and associated with contaminant categories. For example, if not managed properly, a car wash (SIC 7542) could potentially contaminate an intake because of inorganic compounds (IOC) and volatile organic compounds (VOC); thus, a car wash is associated with IOCs and VOCs.

A chart displays a count for each contaminant category. The sum for each category represents the total number of identified sources that have been associated with that particular contaminant category. However, the total number of identified sources does not include contaminants from the Added Sources. In our example, a car wash would be considered 2 sources of contamination. It would be a potential source of contamination for IOCs and for VOCs; thus, 1 would be added to the total number of sources in the VOC category and 1 would be added to the IOC category.

Potential Contaminants Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Number of Unregulated Site Sources Identified for each Contaminant Category

MicroBiological	Pesticides	IOC's	SOC's	VOC's	Nitrates
0	0	0	0	0	0

 $\mathbf{A}-Microbiolgical$

B* – Nitrates

C* – Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Potential Contaminants Listing:

The Potential Contaminants section lists the contaminant of concern category associated with each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) found in an assessment area. A complete list of contaminant category codes are located at the bottom of this page.

The relationships defined between the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories are displayed in a table format. Using our car wash example, the relationships can be better illustrated. A car wash could release IOC and VOC chemical substances. The connection is shown by indicating the SIC, 7542, and the associated contaminant categories, IOC (Category B) and VOC (Category D). However, the contaminants listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

The list is sorted by the SIC source description and it only shows unique SIC sources. For example, an assessment area can have 20 car washes in an assessment area, but the list is only going to show contaminant categories associated with car washes onetime. This is because all car washes have the same SIC and every car wash poses the same potential threat to water intakes.

A – Microbiolgical B – Inorganic Compounds

B1 – Eutrophication – Phosphorous

B2 – Sedimentation **B*** – Nitrates **C** – Synthetic Organic Compounds

C* – Pesticides **D** – Volatile Organic Compounds

Potential Contaminants Listing

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Unregulated Identified Site Sources and associated Potential Contaminant Category

SIC ID	SIC Source	Potential Contaminant	Contaminant Category
	Did Not	Contain Any Potential Contamina	nts

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Protection Measures:

The Protection Measures section shows water quality protection measures for the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) identified in the assessment area.

Previous sections of this report are designed to show areas that Public Water Supplies (PWS) can focus on to improve the susceptibility of an assessment area. This section helps identify water quality protection measures that a PWS can use as guidance for implementing action for a potential contaminant site in the assessment area. It focuses on protection measures that can reduce the risk of contamination to the water supply.

This portion of the report only displays water quality protection measures for each type of SIC found in the assessment area. It does not display protection measures for each site in the assessment area because every SIC should have the same or similar water quality protection management practices. However, the protection measures listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

Protection Measures

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

SIC	SIC Source	Contaminant Source	Water Quality Protection Measure	Regulatory Authority			
	No Protection Measures Listed						

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:40:26

Assessment Analysis:

The Assessment Analysis section displays the numbers assigned to each contaminant of concern category for each question in the susceptibility analysis.

This analysis is based on a decision tree framework consisting of a series of yes/no questions. These questions consider the proximity of contaminant sources to the water supply intake, the type of contaminant, and the application of pollution prevention or water quality protection practices to sources of contamination. As the evaluator moves through the analytical framework, susceptibility points are accumulated based on the presence of contaminant sources in the assessment area.

After all the questions have been answered, the SLS is calculated for each contaminant of concern category. The SLS is determined by counting the number of contamination risk factors found to occur in the delineated assessment area and applying a multiplier to this number. Because the number of contaminant category risk factors is not equal, the multiplier is used to establish a common scale for the SLS of each contaminant category.

Assessment Analysis

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Ground Water Multiple Wells Analysis

 ${\bf A}$ – Microbiolgical ${\bf B}$ – Inorganic Compounds

B* – Nitrates
 C – Synthetic Organic Compounds
 C* – Pesticides
 D – Volatile Organic Compounds

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C *	D
1	Is any well under the influence of surface water?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Oo all PWS wells meet KS PWS water well construction standards? Yes					0	0	0
3	Is any well less than 30 feet deep?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Is gravel pack within 20 feet of any well surface?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Does a PWS own or control all the areas around the wells?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Does Zone B consist entirely of native grass?	No	2	2	2	2	2	2
7	Is there a contaminated well in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Is a class V UIC well present?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban areas present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Are any non-farm home sites present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Do all the non-farm home sites have a water quality protection plan?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Are any farmsteads present in Zone B?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
14	Do all farmsteads have a water quality protection plan?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1
15	Is there grazing livestock in Zone B?	Yes	1	0	1	0	0	0
16	Have all livestock producers implemented water quality protection measures?	No	1	0	1	0	0	0
17	Is there livestock confinement in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C*	D
18	Is each confined animal feeding operation registered with KDHE?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Is there corn or grain sorghum production in Zone B?	Yes	0	0	1	0	1	0
20	Are corn/grain sorghum nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	No	0	0	1	0	1	0
21	Are any orchards present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Are orchard nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Are there unsewered developments (concentrations of lagoons or septic systems) present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Is there a railroad or major highway in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
25	Is there oil production in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	0	1	0	1
26	Do coarse textured soils predominate Zones A, B and C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Is an irrigation well located in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
28	Is a wastewater treatment facility in Zone B or C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
29	Is a solid waste landfill in Zone B or C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	Are there unplugged, abandoned water wells present in Zone C?	Yes	2	1	1	1	1	1
31	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban area present in Zone C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
32	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Is there livestock confinement in Zone C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
34	Is each confined livestock facility registered with KDHE?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
35	Do all the livestock producers have water quality protection measures in place?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
36	Are cropland nutrient management plans in place?	No	0	0	1	0	0	0
37	Are cropland pesticide management plans in place?	No	0	0	0	0	1	0
38	Does a perennial stream flow into Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	Are watershed water quality protection plans in place?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:40:26

Site Comments:

The Site Comments section lists all the comments that were added for the potential sources of contamination found in the assessment area.

Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding detail to the sites that can be referenced for more information.

This local information may include comments on potential contamination threats (or lack there of), local water quality protection initiatives, etc. Adding comments are optional and are mainly focused on sources in areas that could have the greatest impact on water supply if a spill or release occurred in the environment. It is left to the discretion of the PWS and/or source water assessment committee to add comments.

Site Comments

	Did Not Receive Any Comments
Comments for R	egulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Sites
	Did Not Receive Any Comments
Comments for R	egulated Hazardous Waste Sites
	Did Not Receive Any Comments
Comments for R	egulated Leaking Storage Tank Sites Did Not Receive Any Comments
	Did Not Receive Any Comments
Comments for R	Did Not Receive Any Comments egulated Identified Contaminated Sites

Comments for Regulated Waste Water Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: **Accepted**

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:40:26

Added Site Comments:

The Added Site Comments section lists the comments for why sites were added as a potential source of contamination found to the assessment area.

Added Site Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD ${\bf 1}$

Assessment Area: 249

Comments for Added Contaminant Sites

Added Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
Fuel, grain and feed and hay storage	9001477	l'I'his site could contaminate the nublic water supply	Nicole Fisher
cropland	9001478	This site could contaminate the nublic water supply	Nicole Fisher

Assessment Area: 249

Diversion Id's: **003, 002, 011, 012**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:40:26

Analysis Question Comments:

The Analysis Question Comments section lists all the comments that were added during analysis portion of the assessment, in which a series of yes/no questions were asked.

Evaluators have the option to add comments to questions to clarify why a response was given or to give more details to a question. Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding clarification and details that could not be identified with a simple yes or no response.

Analysis Question Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 249

Comments for Analysis Questions

Analy	sis Question	Question Comments	Author
	Did N	Not Receive Any Comments	

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Executive Summary:

The Executive Summary gives the assessment area's Susceptibility Likelihood Score (SLS) for each contaminant of concern category.

SLS indicates which contaminant category is most likely to impact a given public water supply. Contaminants of concern for groundwater include microbiological, inorganic compounds, nitrates, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds. Contaminants of concern for surface water include microbiological, inorganic compounds, eutrophication – phosphorus, sedimentation, synthetic organic compounds, pesticides, and volatile organic compounds.

To determine the assessment area's susceptibility to contamination, a qualitative (semi-quantitative) screening level susceptibility analysis was designed that utilizes general assumptions and best professional judgement. It is a systematic procedure comprised of simple yes/no questions. Each question in the susceptibility analysis focuses on the presence or absence of potential pollution sources in the assessment area. SLS is most useful in helping the Public Water Supply (PWS) focus on water quality protection actions towards a contaminant category of concern. For example, if the SLS for microbiological contamination is high, relative to volatile organic compounds (VOC), water supply protection planners would conclude that the attention should be directed towards microbiological contaminant sources rather than VOC sources.

Executive Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Susceptibility Likelihood Scores for Assessment Area

Contaminant Category	A	В	B *	С	C*	D
Susceptibility Likelihood Score – SLS	41	42	45	48	42	46
SLS Range	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low

A – Microbiolgical

B* – Nitrates

C* – Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Susceptibility Likelihood Range

SLS Range	
0-50	Low Susceptibility
51-80	Moderate Susceptibility
81–100	High Susceptibility

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Potential Sources:

The Potential Sources section lists all the sites that have been identified as potential sources of contamination.

Potential sources of contamination may include land uses, industry, or businesses that could generate or store chemicals/substances that could potentially contaminate the water supply only if released into the environment. Both unregulated sites from business location databases and regulated sites from various KDHE databases were compiled. Additional sites could have been added by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The 1987 Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) were used to identify potential contaminate sites. The SIC system classifies establishments into industries on the basis of the primary activities of the establishment.

Each assessment area is delineated with 3 assessment zones. These zones can be used to get a general understanding of the potential influence sites have based on proximity to the water supply. Zone A is a 100–foot radius around a groundwater well and a 1000–foot radius around a surface water intake. Zone B is a 2000–foot radius around wells and a hydrological delineated buffer around the surface water sources. Zone C is a 2–mile radius around wells and the balance of the watershed for intakes. The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show all the potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business is identified in the study as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

The data for the potential sources of contamination was compiled from May through August in 2002. Some of the databases used were incomplete datasets that are continually being updated. Due to the incompleteness, inaccuracies, and new development, it is possible that sources of potential contamination that are in the assessment area are not included in the report. Inaccurate locations could also cause sources to show up in the assessment area that are not actually in the assessment. Additionally, duplication between the datasets could cause sites to show up multiple times in the assessment area.

Potential Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1 $\,$

Assessment Area: 250

Unregulated Potential Site Sources

Source No.	SIC Description	SIC ID	Zone
141515	Veterinary Services, Specialties	742	С
141516	Veterinary Services, Specialties	742	С
141274	Single-family Housing Construction	1521	С
141353	Bottled and Canned Soft Drinks Production	2086	С
141355	Newspapers Publishing and Printing	2711	С
141517	Asphalt Paving Mixtures And Blocks Manufacturing	2951	С
141518	Ready-mix Concrete Plant	3273	С
141257	Truck Trailers Manufacturing	3715	С
141535	Travel trailers and Campers Manufacturing	3792	С
141412	Signs and Advertising Display Manufacturing	3993	С
141552	Refuse Systems	4953	С
141519	Farm and Garden Machinery	5083	С
141520	Farm and Garden Machinery	5083	С
141521	Farm and Garden Machinery	5083	С

Unregulated Potential Site Sources

Source No.	SIC Description	SIC ID	Zone
141320	Gasoline Service Station	5541	С
141539	Gasoline Service Station	5541	С
141382	Photofinishing Laboratory	7384	С
141280	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	7532	С
141283	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	7532	С
141294	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	7532	С
141555	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	7532	С
141475	Auto Truck Repair Service	7538	С
141259	Repair Services, Nec	7699	С
141432	Repair Services, Nec	7699	С

Regulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	ID/Permit No.	Zone
2000053	Dar-mar Inc.	A-BBMS-KA01	С
2001205	Nietfeld, Frederick	A-BBMS-S019	С

Regulated Hazardous Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Leaking Storage Tank Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	ID/Permit No.	Zone
3000273	Thomas Property	03282	С

Regulated Identified Contaminated Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	ID/Permit No.	Zone
7000595	MARYSVILLE MUSTARD GAS SITE	C405803014	С

Regulated Solid Waste Potential Site Sources

Did Not Contain Any Of These Potential Site Sources

Regulated Waste Water Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name ID/Permit No.		Zone
6002003	LANDOLL CORPORATION #1	P-BB13-OO01	С
6002004	LANDOLL CORPORATION #2	P-BB13-OO02	С

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:53:28

Added Sources:

The Added Sources section lists all the sites that have been added as potential sources of contamination by an evaluator through the assessment process to supplement the original data.

The potential sources listed in this section are sorted to show the added potential sources in Zone A first, Zone B second, and Zone C third.

Although a facility or business was added as a potential concern, it does not necessarily mean a release or spill has occurred. Contamination could only occur if certain chemical substances are released into the environment and filter into the water supply source.

Added Sources

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Added Potential Site Sources

Source No.	Source Name	SIC ID	Zone
9001479	cropland	115	В

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Potential Contaminants Summary:

The Contaminants Summary shows the number of identified unregulated sources in the assessment area for each contaminant of concern category.

In order to obtain the number or sources for each category, a relationship was correlated between each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories. Each SIC was assessed and associated with contaminant categories. For example, if not managed properly, a car wash (SIC 7542) could potentially contaminate an intake because of inorganic compounds (IOC) and volatile organic compounds (VOC); thus, a car wash is associated with IOCs and VOCs.

A chart displays a count for each contaminant category. The sum for each category represents the total number of identified sources that have been associated with that particular contaminant category. However, the total number of identified sources does not include contaminants from the Added Sources. In our example, a car wash would be considered 2 sources of contamination. It would be a potential source of contamination for IOCs and for VOCs; thus, 1 would be added to the total number of sources in the VOC category and 1 would be added to the IOC category.

Potential Contaminants Summary

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Number of Unregulated Site Sources Identified for each Contaminant Category

MicroBiological	Pesticides	IOC's	SOC's	VOC's	Nitrates
5	1	22	3	14	2

A – Microbiolgical

B* – Nitrates

C* - Pesticides

B – Inorganic Compounds

C – Synthetic Organic Compounds

D – Volatile Organic Compounds

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Potential Contaminants Listing:

The Potential Contaminants section lists the contaminant of concern category associated with each Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) found in an assessment area. A complete list of contaminant category codes are located at the bottom of this page.

The relationships defined between the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) and the contaminant of concern categories are displayed in a table format. Using our car wash example, the relationships can be better illustrated. A car wash could release IOC and VOC chemical substances. The connection is shown by indicating the SIC, 7542, and the associated contaminant categories, IOC (Category B) and VOC (Category D). However, the contaminants listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

The list is sorted by the SIC source description and it only shows unique SIC sources. For example, an assessment area can have 20 car washes in an assessment area, but the list is only going to show contaminant categories associated with car washes onetime. This is because all car washes have the same SIC and every car wash poses the same potential threat to water intakes.

A – Microbiolgical B – Inorganic Compounds

B1 – Eutrophication – Phosphorous

B2 – Sedimentation **B*** – Nitrates **C** – Synthetic Organic Compounds

C* – Pesticides **D** – Volatile Organic Compounds

Potential Contaminants Listing

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Unregulated Identified Site Sources and associated Potential Contaminant Category

SIC ID	SIC Source	Potential Contaminant	Contaminant Category
2951	Asphalt Paving Mixtures And Blocks Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
7538	Auto Truck Repair Service	Inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
2086	Bottled and Canned Soft Drinks Production	BOD	A
5541	Gasoline Service Station	Inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
7384	Photofinishing Laboratory	NA	В
"	"	"	D
3273	Ready-mix Concrete Plant	Minerals and TSS	В
3993	Signs and Advertising Display Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
1521	Single–family Housing Construction	Oil, Paint, Pesticides, Fertilizers	A
"	"	"	B1
"	"	"	B2
"	"	"	B*
"	"	"	С

Unregulated Identified Site Sources and associated Potential Contaminant Category.

SIC ID	SIC Source	Potential Contaminant	Contaminant Category
7532	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	Inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
3792	Travel trailers and Campers Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
3715	Truck Trailers Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	В
"	"	"	D
742	Veterinary Services, Specialties	Sanitary, Inorganics TSS	A
"	"	"	В
5083	Farm and Garden Machinery	inorganics	В
2711	Newspapers Publishing and Printing	Inorganics, VOCs, Semi volatiles	В
"	п	"	С
"	"	"	D
4953	Refuse Systems	ALL	A
"	"	"	В
"	"	"	B1
"	п	11	B2
"	"	"	B*
"	"	"	С
"	"	"	C*

Unregulated Identified Site Sources and associated Potential Contaminant Category.

SIC ID	SIC Source	Potential Contaminant	Contaminant Category
4953	Refuse Systems	ALL	D
7699	Repair Services, Nec	inorganics	В

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Protection Measures:

The Protection Measures section shows water quality protection measures for the Standard Industrial Classifications (SIC) identified in the assessment area.

Previous sections of this report are designed to show areas that Public Water Supplies (PWS) can focus on to improve the susceptibility of an assessment area. This section helps identify water quality protection measures that a PWS can use as guidance for implementing action for a potential contaminant site in the assessment area. It focuses on protection measures that can reduce the risk of contamination to the water supply.

This portion of the report only displays water quality protection measures for each type of SIC found in the assessment area. It does not display protection measures for each site in the assessment area because every SIC should have the same or similar water quality protection management practices. However, the protection measures listed are not associated with any Added Sources.

Protection Measures

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

SIC	SIC Source	Contaminant Source	Water Quality Protection Measure	Regulatory Authority
2951	Asphalt Paving Mixtures And Blocks Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	Collect and pre-treat wastewater. Control storm water runoff. Minimize ground contamination with petroleum or other products. Control storm water runoff to minimize TSS transport	40 CFR 443 and State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations
7538	Auto Truck Repair Service	Inorganics, VOCs	Discharge to POTW. Manage oil products and used oil so that it is not in contact with water	40 CFR 442 and
2086	Bottled and Canned Soft Drinks Production	BOD	Wastewater pretreatment and/or discharge to a POTW.	40 CFR 407 and State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations
5541	Gasoline Service Station	Inorganics, VOCs	Maintain area to minimize fuel contamination	NA
7384	Photofinishing Laboratory	NA	Discharge to POTW. Recycle chemicals	CFR 40 459
3273	Ready-mix Concrete Plant	Minerals and TSS	Minimize outdoor storage and control storm water runoff.	State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations

SIC	SIC Source	Contaminant Source	Water Quality Protection Measure	Regulatory Authority
3993	Signs and Advertising Display Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	Manage wastes properly and treat process wastewater prior to discharge to a POTW or direct	40 CFR 459 and State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations
1521	Single–family Housing Construction	Oil, Paint, Pesticides, Fertilizers	Proper cleaning and disposal of household hazardous waste. Proper storage, application, and clean up of pesticides and fertilizers	KAR 28–48, KDHE, KDEM
7532	Top, Body, and Upholstery Repair Shops and Paint Shops	Inorganics, VOCs	Discharge to POTW. Recycle where appropriate. Properly maintain oil product and waste. Manage paint and solvent wastes properly	NA
3792	Travel trailers and Campers Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	Manage wastes properly and treat process wastewater prior to discharge to a POTW or direct	State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations
3715	Truck Trailers Manufacturing	inorganics, VOCs	Manage wastes properly and treat process wastewater prior to discharge to a POTW or direct	State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations
742	Veterinary Services, Specialties	Sanitary, Inorganics TSS	Discharge to POT	NA

SIC	SIC Source	SIC Source Contaminant Source Water Quality Protection Measure		Regulatory Authority	
5083	Farm and Garden Machinery	inorganics	Discharge to POTW	NA	
2711	Newspapers Publishing and Printing	Inorganics, VOCs, Semi volatiles	Recycle chemicals where possible. Discharge to POTW	40 CFR 459 and State or federal Storm water pollution prevention regulations	
4953	Refuse Systems	ALL	Store wastes properly in order to minimize contact with storm water.	Maintain the lagoon or storage vessel properly. Control storm water run on and runoff to minimize contamination of storm water	
7699	Repair Services, Nec	inorganics	Discharge to POTW	NA	

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003–03–06 12:53:28

Assessment Analysis:

The Assessment Analysis section displays the numbers assigned to each contaminant of concern category for each question in the susceptibility analysis.

This analysis is based on a decision tree framework consisting of a series of yes/no questions. These questions consider the proximity of contaminant sources to the water supply intake, the type of contaminant, and the application of pollution prevention or water quality protection practices to sources of contamination. As the evaluator moves through the analytical framework, susceptibility points are accumulated based on the presence of contaminant sources in the assessment area.

After all the questions have been answered, the SLS is calculated for each contaminant of concern category. The SLS is determined by counting the number of contamination risk factors found to occur in the delineated assessment area and applying a multiplier to this number. Because the number of contaminant category risk factors is not equal, the multiplier is used to establish a common scale for the SLS of each contaminant category.

Assessment Analysis

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Ground Water Multiple Wells Analysis

A-Microbiolgical B-Inorganic Compounds

B* – Nitrates
 C – Synthetic Organic Compounds
 C* – Pesticides
 D – Volatile Organic Compounds

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C *	D
1	Is any well under the influence of surface water?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Do all PWS wells meet KS PWS water well construction standards?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Is any well less than 30 feet deep?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Is gravel pack within 20 feet of any well surface?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Does a PWS own or control all the areas around the wells?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Does Zone B consist entirely of native grass?	No	2	2	2	2	2	2
7	Is there a contaminated well in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Is a class V UIC well present?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban areas present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	Are any non-farm home sites present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Do all the non-farm home sites have a water quality protection plan?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Are any farmsteads present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Do all farmsteads have a water quality protection plan?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Is there grazing livestock in Zone B?	Yes	1	0	1	0	0	0
16	Have all livestock producers implemented water quality protection measures?	No	1	0	1	0	0	0
17	Is there livestock confinement in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0

No.	Question	Response	A	В	B *	C	C*	D
18	Is each confined animal feeding operation registered with KDHE?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Is there corn or grain sorghum production in Zone B?	Yes	0	0	1	0	1	0
20	Are corn/grain sorghum nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	No	0	0	1	0	1	0
21	Are any orchards present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
22	Are orchard nutrient and pesticide management plans in use for each site?	Yes	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Are there unsewered developments (concentrations of lagoons or septic systems) present in Zone B?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
24	Is there a railroad or major highway in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
25	Is there oil production in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	0	1	0	1
26	Do coarse textured soils predominate Zones A, B and C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
27	Is an irrigation well located in Zone B or C?	Yes	0	1	1	1	1	1
28	Is a wastewater treatment facility in Zone B or C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
29	Is a solid waste landfill in Zone B or C?	No	0	0	0	0	0	0
30	Are there unplugged, abandoned water wells present in Zone C?	Yes	2	1	1	1	1	1
31	Are any commercial, industrial, or urban area present in Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
32	Does each industrial/commercial site and urban area have a water quality protection plan in place?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1
33	Is there livestock confinement in Zone C?			1	1	1	1	0
34	Is each confined livestock facility registered with KDHE?			0	0	0	0	0
35	Do all the livestock producers have water quality protection measures in place?	No	1	0	1	0	0	0
36	Are cropland nutrient management plans in place?	No	0	0	1	0	0	0
37	Are cropland pesticide management plans in place?	No	0	0	0	0	1	0
38	Does a perennial stream flow into Zone C?	Yes	1	1	1	1	1	1
39	Are watershed water quality protection plans in place?	No	1	1	1	1	1	1

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:53:28

Site Comments:

The Site Comments section lists all the comments that were added for the potential sources of contamination found in the assessment area.

Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding detail to the sites that can be referenced for more information.

This local information may include comments on potential contamination threats (or lack there of), local water quality protection initiatives, etc. Adding comments are optional and are mainly focused on sources in areas that could have the greatest impact on water supply if a spill or release occurred in the environment. It is left to the discretion of the PWS and/or source water assessment committee to add comments.

Site Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Comments for Unregulated Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

Comments for Regulated Confined Animal Feeding Operations Sites

Potential Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
Dar-mar Inc.	1 /いいいいうう	, ,	Nicole Fisher
Nietfeld, Frederick	2001205	This swine tacility has no groundwater monitoring	Nicole Fisher

Comments for Regulated Hazardous Waste Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

Comments for Regulated Leaking Storage Tank Sites

Potential Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
Thomas Property	3000273		Nicole Fisher

Comments for Regulated Identified Contaminated Sites

Potential Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
MARYSVILLE MUSTARD GAS SITE	7000595	lon_site burial. For more information contact Donna	Nicole Fisher

Comments for Regulated Solid Waste Sites

Did Not Receive Any Comments

Comments for Regulated Waste Water Sites



Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:53:28

Added Site Comments:

The Added Site Comments section lists the comments for why sites were added as a potential source of contamination found to the assessment area.

Added Site Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Comments for Added Contaminant Sites

Added Contaminant Site Name	Site No.	Site Comments	Author
cropland	9001479	l'I'hie eita could contaminata tha nublic watar cunnly	Nicole Fisher

Assessment Area: 250

Diversion Id's: **010, 007, 006, 005**

Status: Accepted

Submit Date: 2003-03-06 12:53:28

Analysis Question Comments:

The Analysis Question Comments section lists all the comments that were added during analysis portion of the assessment, in which a series of yes/no questions were asked.

Evaluators have the option to add comments to questions to clarify why a response was given or to give more details to a question. Local comments and feedback from people that are familiar with the assessment area is an important aspect of the assessment. The comments greatly improve the assessment by adding clarification and details that could not be identified with a simple yes or no response.

Analysis Question Comments

Public Water Supply: WASHINGTON CO RWD 1

Assessment Area: 250

Comments for Analysis Questions

Analysis Question	Question Comments	Author
N/A or Unknown	Well #10 has been abandoned. Well #13 replaced Well #10 and is located 95 ft West of it.	Nicole Fisher